SUPER

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WORKBOOK

MANUEL DOS SANTOS





الجما NGMA!

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SG_01_COMBO_TEXT_2025.indb 186

1 Lifestyles

A Look at the people in the photos. Complete each description with a word from the box.

a devoted employee

an exercise freak an Internet addict

a vegetarian



1. Ismail likes to work out. He's really into exercise and fitness. He's an exercise freak



2. Ali is online all the time, even in the park! He's an Internet addict



3. Saeed always works on the weekend. He's a devoted employee



4. Jake never eats meat. He's <u>a vegetarian</u>

B Describe each person from **A**. Use the expressions in the box.

usually downloads videos and games always lives a healthy lifestyle frequently spends a lot of time at the gym regularly chats online

normally works out five times a week often spends a lot of time at the office never takes a vacation always eats vegetables

Mark normally works out five times a week

Mark frequently spends a lot of time at the gym

- 1. Ali <u>usually downloads videos and games</u> Ali regularly chats online
- 2. Saeed <u>often spends a lot of time at the office</u> Saeed never takes a vacation
- 3. Jake <u>always lives a healthy lifestyle</u>

Jake <u>always eats vegetables</u>

1 Lifestyles

Write about each photo. Use the words to ask questions and give answers.











Jamal / after school / usually // always

Q: Does Jamal usually ride his bike after school?

A: Jamal always rides his bike after school.

- 1. Sarah's little brother / usually / in the afternoon // sometimes
 - Q: Does Mona's little brother usually watch TV in the afternoon?
 - A: Mona's little brother sometimes watches TV in the afternoon
- 2. Sabah and her friends / usually / on Thursday // often
 - Q: Do Sahar and her friends usually go shopping on Thursday?
 - A: Sahar and her friends often go shopping on Thursday
- 3. George / usually / on Saturday // occasionally
 - Q: <u>Does George usually play football on Saturday?</u>
 - A: George occasionally plays football on Saturday
- Write about yourself. Answer the questions. Use adverbs/expressions of frequency.
 - 1. Do you usually sleep late on the weekend?

No, I seldom sleep late on the weekend

- 2. Do you generally do your homework in the afternoon?
 - Yes, I always do my homework in the afternoon
- **3.** Do you sometimes watch TV with your family?

Yes, I often watch TV with my family

- 4. Do you often chat online with your friends?
 - Yes, I usually chat online with my friends



Read the chart. Ask and answer a question about each person. Use *How many...?* / How much...? / How long...?

	watch TV	drink soda	exercise	chat online
Hussain	5 hours a week	1 can a day	2 hours a day	3 hours a night
Faris	1 hour a week	3 cans a day	2 hours a week	2 hours a day
Ismail	2 hours a day	2 cans a week	7 days a week	1 hour a day
Noura	3 hours a night	2 liters a month	2 days a week	2 hours a week
Fadwa	1 hour a day	1 liter a week	3 hours a week	6 hours a week
You	2 hours a day	3 cans a week	5 days a week	2 hours a day

Hussain / watch TV

Q: How many hours a week does Hussain watch TV?

A: He watches TV 5 hours a week.

- 1. Faris / drink soda
 - Q: How many sodas does Faris drink?
 - A: Hedrinks 3 cans a day
- 2. Ismail / exercise
 - Q: How much does Ismail exercise?
 - A: He exercises 7 days a week
- 3. Noura / watch TV
 - Q: How many hours a day does Nora watch TV?
 - A: She watches TV 3 hours a night
- 4. Fadwa / chat online
 - Q: How many hours a week does Fadwa chat online?
 - A: She chats online 6 hours a week
- 5. you / watch TV
 - Q: How many hours do you watch TV?
 - A: I watch TV two hours a day
- 6. you / drink sodas
 - Q: How many sodas do you drink?
 - A: I drink 3 cans a week
- 7. you / exercise
 - Q: How much do you exercise?
 - A: I exercise 5 days a week.
- 8. you / chat online
 - Q: How many hours a day do you chat online?
- A: I chat online 2 hours a day



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1 Lifestyles

Complete each sentence with the verb in parentheses. Then rewrite each sentence. Use an adverb of frequency.





Ste	eve	does	_ (do) his homework every day.
	He alwa	ys does his homew	ork.
1.	Mr. Lewis	<u>talks</u>	(talk) to his boss on the phone in the evening five times a week
2.	Mrs. Lew	is <u>watches</u>	(watch) TV about once a week.
			_ (eat) chocolate morning, noon, and night.
4.	Sarah	makes	_ (make) dinner once a month.
5.	Steve	works out	_ (work out) four times a week.
	Steve		_ (not do) the dishes. It's not his job.



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G READING

Are You Addicted to Shopping?

Do you love to shop?

Do you shop several times a week?

Do you buy things you don't need just because you have to buy something?

Do you ever spend money you don't really have?

Do you sometimes borrow money for shopping?

Are you a shopping addict? That means you can't stop shopping. Take this test and find out. Circle **yes** or **no**.

1.	Do you think about shopping a lot?	yes	no
2.	Do you feel excited and happy when you are shopping?	yes	no
3.	Are you always planning your next shopping trip?	yes	no
4.	Do you feel nervous when you can't go shopping?	yes	no
5.	Do you go shopping when you are depressed or unhappy?	yes	no
6.	Do you go shopping at least once a day?	yes	no
7.	Do you sometimes buy things you don't need?	yes	no
8.	Do you spend a lot more money than you have?	yes	no
9.	Do you lose track of how much money you spend?	yes	no
10.	Do you say you spend less money than you really spent?	yes	no
11.	Do you want to spend less time shopping?	yes	no

Did you answer **yes** to five or more questions?

You may be a shopping addict. What can you do? You can ask for help from friends. You can get counseling. Shopping shouldn't control you. You should control shopping.

Answer these questions.

1. What are three things that shopping addicts do?

Spend a lot more money than they have, lose track of how much money they spend, feel nervous when they can't go shopping

2. What are two things shopping addicts can do to change their shopping habit?

Spend less time shopping

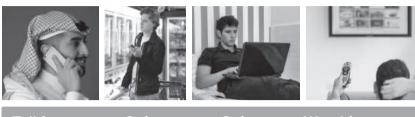
Spend less money shopping

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1 Lifestyles

H Complete the chart with your information. How many hours a week do you spend on each activity? Which things are habits for you? Which things are addictions?



	Talking on the phone	Going shopping	Going online	Watching TV	Your idea:
Hours per week:	2 hours	1 hours	9 hours	2 hours	3 hours
How important is it to you? • very important • important • not important	V				

WRITING

Now write a paragraph about your activities. How often and how long do you do them? Which are important? Which are not important? Which are habits? Which are addictions? What can you do to change them?

Habit or Addiction?

I do many things during the week. Some are important and some are not. Talking on the phone and Going shopping are not important. I think they are just habits. Watching TV and hanging out with my friends are important but they are not really addictions. On the other hand going online is very important and i believe it is an addiction. I spend more than 5 hours a day going online playing games and chatting with my friends. I should spend less time on it and study more.

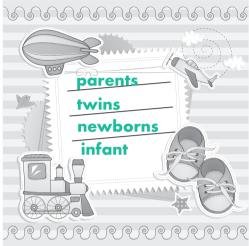


2 Life Stories

A Unscramble the letters and write the words on the correct announcement.

arptnes liccin niodontas doorn snwit dolob wnernbos ntfain





B Complete the stories. Use the words from **A**.





- 1. In just two days, over 300 people came to give _____blood___ at the Heart-to-Heart Mobile _____ in Lakeside County. Local businessmen and shoppers were happy to volunteer to help others in need. Some people donated blood for the first time and said they planned to do it again. One _____ told doctors that it was his 50th time giving blood. The blood _____ will go to hospitals around the country and will save many lives.
- 2. My aunt and uncle are new ____parents __! They have two little ___newborns __. They're so small! It's hard to imagine that I was that little when I was an ___infant ___!

 The other really cool thing is that my two new little cousins __look exactly the same. Why? Because they're ____twins __.



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Complete the story. Use the simple past tense of the verbs in parentheses.



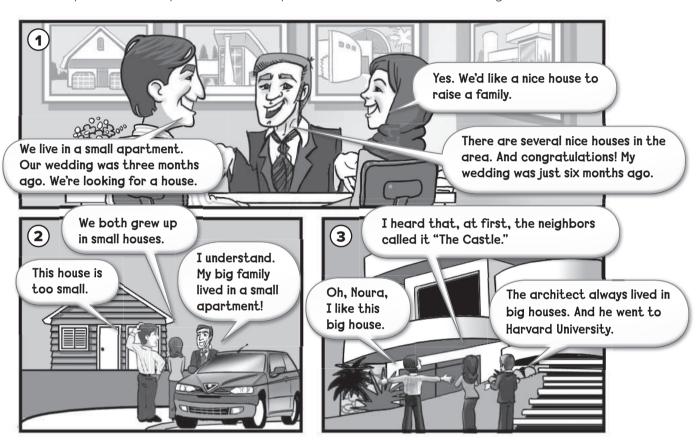
Roger and Paul (1) (be) were neignbors when they (2) (be) were children.
They (3) (grow up) grew up together. They (4) (play) played sports
and (5) (study) studied together. They even (6) (go) went to the same
college. After college, Paul (7) (get) a job with an international bank in Paris and
(8) (leave) the country. At first, he (9) (not like) didn't like his job because
there (10) (be) a lot of travel. He also (11) (miss) missed his family a lot.
After several years, he (12) (want) wanted to move back home and get a new job. Roger
(13) (go) went back home after college. He immediately (14) (take) took
a job at the city library. At first, he (15) (not be) wasn't happy, but his parents
(16) (need) needed him at home, so he (17) (stay) stayed Last year, he
(18) (start) started to think about a new job and life. He (19) (want) wanted to trave
and see the world. Then six months ago, Paul (20) (move) <u>moved</u> back home. A week later,
he (21) (see) Roger in the park. Yesterday, they (22) (go) went into
business together and (23) (open) opened their own travel agency!

- Answer the questions about the story in **C**.
 - **1.** What did Paul and Roger do when they were young?
 - They played sports and studied together.
 - 2. What did Paul think about his job at first?
 - He did not like it.
 - 3. Where did Roger work after college?
 - He worked at the city library.
 - 4. Where did Paul see Roger after he moved back home?
 - Paul saw Roger in the park.



E

Noura and Saeed want to buy a house. Mr. Smith is their real estate agent. Complete the sentences below the pictures. Use expressions with the passive in the affirmative and the negative.



Picture 1

- 1. Noura and Saeed <u>were married</u> three months ago.
- 2. Noura and Saeed <u>weren't married</u> six months ago.
- **3.** Mr. Smith ______ six months ago.

Picture 2

- 1. Noura and Saeed <u>were raised</u> in small houses.
- 2. Mr. Smith <u>wasn't raised</u> in a small house.
- **3.** Mr. Smith ______ in a small apartment.

Picture 3

- **1.** The architect <u>was educated</u> at Harvard University.
- **2.** The architect ______ in big houses.
- **3.** The house _____ "The Castle."

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Unit 2

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Read the information. Complete the conversation. Use *used to* and *didn't use to*.

How Television Has Changed



The 1940s

- TVs have small, round screens.
- Many families eat dinner in front of the TV.
- TVs show only black and white pictures.

The 1950s

- People in big cities get four or five TV stations.
- Cable TV brings big-city TV to some country areas.
- The remote control is invented.

Omar:	Did you know that some TVs (1) <u>used to</u> have round screens?
Yahya:	Yes, I did. And a lot of families (2) <u>used to</u> eat dinner in front of the TV every night.
Omar:	I know. And there (3) <u>didn't use to</u> be very many TV stations.
Yahya:	Right. And before 1950, people in country areas (4) <u>didn't use to</u> have TV at a
Omar:	They probably (5) <u>used to</u> have boring evenings with no TV.
Yahya:	Maybe. They probably (6) <u>used to</u> go to bed early.
Omar:	Can you believe that TVs (7) didn't use to have color pictures? Everything was in black and white.
Yahya:	Isn't that crazy? And people (8) <u>used to</u> stand up and walk over to the T\ to change channels. No remote control!
Omar:	I'm glad I didn't live back then!

- **G** Read the answers. Write questions.
 - Q: Where did Ali use to live?
 - A: Ali used to live in the country.
 - 1. Q: What did Fahad use to do?
 - **A:** Fahd used to play football after school.
 - 2. Q: Did Farah use to take the bus to school?
 - **A:** Yes, Farah did. She used to take the bus to school.
 - 3. Q: Where did they use to go every Thursday evening?
 - A: They used to go to the mall every Thursday evening.
 - 4. Q: Did you use to go to bed early every night?
 - A: No, I didn't. I used to stay up really late every night.





H READING

Prince William of Britain

Prince William is the grandson of Queen Elizabeth II of Britain. He was born in London, England, on June 21, 1982. He is the elder son of Charles and the late Lady Diana, Prince and Princess of Wales. He has one younger brother named Harry.

William was educated at private schools in England. He attended one of the oldest high schools in England, Eton College. At Eton, he was captain of the football team and took up water polo. After graduation, William took a gap year, during which he trained with the British Army, traveled in Africa, and taught children in a small town in Chile.

He returned in 2001 and enrolled at one of the oldest universities in Scotland. He began studies in art history, but later changed his main subject to geography. William went on to earn



Map of Britain

a Master's degree—the best degree of any heir to the throne of Britain. He then decided to follow a military career and trained at the Royal Military Academy in 2006. He served in the Armed Forces with his brother, and two years later he earned his pilot wings. In 2009, he transferred to the Royal Air Force for helicopter training. He later served as a pilot in the Search and Rescue Force.

Prince William now makes public appearances and performs his many royal duties—among which he is President of England's Football Association. And, like his mother, the late Lady Diana, he continues to help others by actively supporting many humanitarian causes.

Number the sentences in the correct order.

- _____3___ He traveled in Africa and South America.
- 2 Prince William went to Eton College.
- _______ He trained as a pilot.
- ______ Prince William was born in London.
- ______ William and Harry served in the Armed Forces.
- **7** He became a helicopter pilot.
- _______ Prince William graduated from university.







2 Life Stories

How is your life different now from when you were seven years old? Complete the chart with your ideas.

When I was seven, I used to:	Now I'm older, and I:
I used to play with my toys	I play football with my friend.
lused to sleep early night	I stay up late every night
I used to watch cartoons	I watch movies and news



WRITING

Now write a paragraph about your life then and now. Write what you used to do and what you do now.

Then and Now

When I was young, I used to play with my toys. I had a teddy bear and cars. Now I play football with my friends. I also used to watch a lot of cartoons but now I watch news and movies. Back then I used to sleep early every night. Now I stay up late most of the time.



3 When Are You Traveling?

A Complete the conversations. Use the words in the box.

flight suitcase boarding pass gate baggage carry-on

What time is our

(1) <u>flight</u>

to Riyadh?



It's at 4:30, but I don't see the (2) gate
number.

Yes, it is. And then I have one

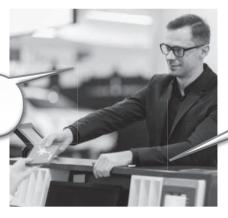
(5) <u>carry-on</u>, too.



Is this (3) <u>suitcase</u> the only (4) <u>baggage</u> you're going to check?

Is my seat number on my

(6) boarding pass?



Yes, it is, sir. You'll be next to a window.



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3 When Are You Traveling?

B Read the customs declaration. Complete the conversation. Use the present progressive.

STATE		OF THE TREASURY S CUSTOMS SERVICE	FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 1515-0041			
	CUSTOMS	DECLARATION				
V	19 CFR 122.27, 148	.12, 148.13, 148.110, 148.111				
the f	Each arriving traveler or responsible family member must provide the following information (only ONE written declaration per family is required):					
1. No	ame: <u>Hussain</u>	Ahmed	K			
	Last	First	Middle Initial			
2. Bi	irth Date: <u>07/11/72</u>	3. Airline/flight No.:	459			
	Day / Month / Ye	ear				
4. N	umber of family members tra	eveling with you: 1				
5. Co	5. Country of Citizenship: KSA 6. Country of Residence: KSA					
7. U.	.S. Address: <u>15 State Street</u>	^l , Miami, FL				
8. E>	xpected Length of Stay:	wo weeks				
9. Th	he purpose of my trip is or w	vas: Business <u>X</u>	Personal			
SC	am/we are bringing fruits, pla bil, birds, snails, other live ani r have been on a farm or ran	mals, farm products; YES				
in	am/we are carrying currency struments over \$10,000 U.S. quivalent.	*	S NO			



Customs Officer: What flight were you on?

Ahmed: I was on Flight 459.

Customs Officer: How many family members are traveling with you?

Ahmed: (1) One family member is traveling with me. My son is with me

Customs Officer: Where are you staying in the United States?

Ahmed: (2) We are staying in Miami, Florida

Customs Officer: How long are you visiting the United States?

Ahmed: (3) We are visiting for two weeks

Customs Officer: Are you bringing any fruits or live plants?

Ahmed: (4) No, I'm not bringing any fruits or live plants

Customs Officer: Are you carrying more than \$10,000 cash?

Ahmed: (5) No, I'm not carrying more than \$10,000 cash

Customs Officer: Are you coming to the United States for business or for pleasure?

Ahmed: (6) We are coming to the United State for pleasure We're visiting family.

Customs Officer: Welcome to the United States. Enjoy your stay here.

Ahmed: Thank you!



Complete the conversation. Use the information in the chart. Use *going to* for definite plans and **will** for indefinite plans.

Faisal's Weekend Plans

Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Maybe go to the special Antiquities Exhibition 10:00 A.M.—8:00 P.M.	Definitely go to the Al-Janadriyah Cultural Festival 8:00 A.M.—11:00 P.M.	Maybe ride in the bicycle race 10:30 A.M.—12:30 P.M.
Definitely go to the Champions League football game 8:00 P.M.	Definitely watch the camel races 7:00 P.M.	Probably go to the barbecue at Yahya's house 4:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

1	e football game	races	at Yahya's house		
8:00 P.	-	7:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.		
Thomasia					
Thursday Adnan:	Hi, Faisal. What are yo	u doing?			
		_			
Faisal:		e weekend. Maybe I (1) (до) Exhibition on Thursday afternoc	will go to on.		
Adnan:	That's going to be inte	resting! Are you going to stay al	l afternoon?		
Faisal:	No. I (2) will Do you want to go?	probably (stay)	stay for an hour or two.		
Adnan:	,	am going to g o at 8:00.	to the Champions		
Faisal:	Me, too. Let's get there	e at 6:00.			
Adnan:	Fine. We (4)	probably (be)be	the first people there.		
Faisal:	That's OK. We (5) (find)	are going to find	great seats for sure!		
<u>Friday</u>					
Faisal:	Are you going to go to	the Al-Janadriyah Cultural Fest	ival on Friday?		
Adnan:		am going to spend bing to be lots of t			
Faisal:	l (8) (get)am_	going to get there ea	rly in the morning, and		
	(9) <u>will</u>	probably (leave)	leave at 4:00.		
Adnan:	Then what are you goi	ng to do?			
Faisal:	I (10) (watch)	n going to watch the c	amel races at 7:00.		
Write a co	nversation between Faisa	al and Adnan about Faisal's Satur	day plans.		
Adnan:	What are you go	ing to do on Saturday?			
Faisal:	-	in bicycle race			
Adnan:		race going to end?			
Faisal:		t at 10:30a.m. and end at 1			
Adnan:					
Faisal:	I will probably go to the barbeque at Yahya's house				

D

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3 When Are You Traveling?

Complete the answers to the questions with infinitives of purpose. Use the information in the photos for your answers. Use the verbs in the box.

finish visit go surfing work out catch buy









Q: Why is your father going to the train station?

A: He's going to the train station to catch a train.

1. Q: Why is he staying up late?

A: He's staying up late to finish his homework.

2. Q: Why are they online?

A: They are online to buy their tickets.

3. Q: Why are they flying to California?

A: <u>They are flying to California to visit</u> their grandparents.

4. Q: Why is he going to Mexico?

A: He's going to Mexico to go surfing

5. Q: Why is he going to the gym after school?

A: He's going to the gym after school to work out

F Write three sentences. Tell where you will probably go next week. Use infinitives of purpose.

 $oldsymbol{\mathbb{I}}$ I will probably go to the mall to buy a new pair of shoes.

1. I will probably go to the playground to play football.

2. I will probably go to my friend's house to study

3. __I will probably go to my hometown to visit my grandfather

G READING

GUIDE TO NIAGARA FALLS

Things to Do

There is a lot for the whole family to do in Niagara Falls. A helicopter ride provides a wonderful view of both the American falls and the Canadian falls. During the ride, you can take great pictures to show your friends back home. A favorite with all the tourists is the Journey Behind the Falls. You'll put on a raincoat, take an elevator, and get out at the bottom of the falls. From there, you'll see, hear, and feel the excitement as the water crashes down from the height of a twenty-story building. It's an unforgettable experience!



Places to Stay

The Broadview Hotel

Many visitors want to stay at the Broadview. The rooms are small, but the views of the falls are wonderful. The hotel restaurant is good, but very fancy. You'll have to wear your best clothes. The Broadview is expensive, but its guests receive very special treatment. And for your information, the hotel doesn't have a pool, but it has excellent workout facilities for people who like to exercise.

Martin's Motel

Martin's Motel is a really friendly place. When you check in, Martin shows you to your room. The rooms aren't fancy, but they're large and they have cable TV. There is an outdoor swimming pool and a game room especially for children. It's just a 15-minute walk to the falls. And if you're hungry, you can eat at the diner next door. The food is good and cheap, and the diner is open 24 hours a day. You won't have to dress up to eat there. Families that stay at Martin's always have a good time.

Write **T** for **True** or **F** for **False**.

- **1.** _____ Visitors wear raincoats to go behind the falls.
- **2.** ____ F You can't take pictures on the helicopter ride.
- **3.** ____ The Broadview Hotel has a pool.
- **4.** F The Broadview Hotel has wonderful views of the falls.
- **5.** ___**T**__ Martin's Motel is close to the falls.
- **6.** ____ F You have to wear a suit or dress to eat at the diner next to Martin's Motel.
- H Answer these questions about the reading.
 - You can stay at the Broadview Hotel or Martin's Motel. Where will you probably stay? Why?
 <u>will probably stay at the Broadview Hotel because I want to see the falls from my room.</u>
 - **2.** You can take the helicopter ride or the Journey Behind the Falls trip. Which will you probably take? Why?

will probably take the helicopter ride because I want to get some good liphotos of the falls

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3 When Are You Traveling?

- You are talking to a travel agent. You're telling the travel agent about the trip you want to take. Complete the travel agent's notes from your conversation.
 - 1. Where do you want to go? I want to go to France
 - 2. What are you going to do while you're there? I am going to visit Eiffel Tower
 - 3. When are you going to leave? I going to leave in November
 - 4. How long are you going to stay? I am going to stay for one month
 - 5. What airport do you want to leave from? I want to leave from King Abdulaziz
 - 6. Who is going with you? I going with my brother.
 - 7. What kind of hotel do you want to stay at? I want to stay at a five-star hotel
 - 8. What sights do you want to see? I want to see a greet sight of the city

WRITING

Now write a paragraph about your trip. Use the information from the travel agent's form above.

My Trip

I am going to France on vacation. I going to visit Eiffel Tower. I going to leave in November and stay for one month. I will leave from King Abdulaziz International airport. I going there with my brother. I want to stay at a five-star hotel because I want to see a greet sight of the city.

184 Unit 3

منصة إنجما NGMA!

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4 What Do I Need to Buy?

A Write the name of each food.







shrimps





3. chicken





4. <u>pineapple</u>



9. <u>cheese</u>



5. <u>yogurt</u>



10. <u>strawberries</u>

B Complete the chart with the words from **A**.

Meat	Seafood	Dairy	Fruit	Vegetables
chicken	crab	yogurt	strawberries	pepper
sausages	shrimps	cheese	pineapple	carrots



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4 What Do I Need to Buy?

am. This is what she told me about it: (1)a lot of rules—about spoon of oil twice a day. That's not for some reason. You need to drink a) in water twice a day. pieces of fruit—one, two, or three ferent vegetables. In fact, you can eat all pers, onions, and 25 more. But you can problems with this diet. You need to drink
rules—about spoon of oil twice a day. That's not for some reason. You need to drink n) in water twice a day. pieces of fruit—one, two, or three ferent vegetables. In fact, you can eat all pers, onions, and 25 more. But you can
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ferent vegetables. In fact, you can eat all pers, onions, and 25 more. But you can
pers, onions, and 25 more. But you can
problems with this diet. You need to drink
! I don't know if I can do that all the time.
ns once a day. But that doesn't bother me.
e are only (10) <u>a few</u> things
nd tomatoes. And they encourage
uch. All in all, I think it's a good program."
h one true. Use much and many .
water
Wdiei
liet
eat or drink enough of.
ator annicensagn on
igh meat
uit
enough milk

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F Read the recipe. Write questions and answers about it. Use **how much** and **how many**.

Mushroom and Cheese Omelet

- Cut 6 mushrooms into small pieces.
- Chop a piece of 1 onion.
- Cut up ¼ cup of cheddar cheese.
- Whip 3 eggs in a bowl.
- Add a little salt and pepper to the eggs.
- Melt 1 tablespoon of butter in a frying pan.
- Pour the ingredients into the frying pan and cook for 3 minutes.



you / need / eg
Q: <u>How many</u>

Q: How many eggs do you need?

A: I need three eggs.

1. you / use / butter

Q: How much butter do you use?

A: <u>luse 1 tablespoon of butter</u>

2. you / add / salt

Q: How much salt do you add?

A: ladd a little salt

3. you / cut up / mushrooms

Q: How many mushrooms do you cut up?

A: I cut up 6 mushrooms

4. you / cut up / cheese

Q: How much cheese do you cut up?

A: 1 cut up 1/4 cup of cheese

5. you / use / onions

Q: How many onions do you use?

A: luse 1 onion



1. We eat a lot of food at my house. We always need <u>**something**</u> from the supermarket.

2. Are you hungry? Go to the kitchen. There's <u>something</u> in the refrigerator for you to eat.

3. What a delicious lunch! But don't you have ___anything___ to drink with it?

4. I love fresh fruit. In fact, there's <u>nothing</u> better than a good piece of watermelon on a hot summer day!

5. I'm so hungry. I haven't eaten _____ anything ____ all day!

6. Badr: Do you like pizza?

Fahd: No, I don't. I don't like _____ with cheese.

7. I can't make this recipe for dinner. I have absolutely

nothing that it calls for.

8. I'm going to buy some food at the supermarket. Can I get you

something, too?



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4 What Do I Need to Buy?

H Look at the recipe for fruit salad. Rewrite the recipe in the correct order.

Fruit Salad

- Mix well and put the bowl in the refrigerator for three hours.
- Cut up 1 pineapple, 1 cup of strawberries, 2 oranges, and 1 cup of apples.
- Add ½ cup of sugar and ¼ cup of lemon juice.
- Put the fruit in a large bowl.





Fruit Salad

Cut up 1 pineapple, 1 cup of strawberries, 2 oranges and 1 cup of apples.

Put the fruit in a large bowl.

Add 1/2 cup of sugar and 1/4 cup of lemon juice.

Mix well and put the bowl in the refrigerator for three hours.





Now rewrite the recipe. Use the sequence words in the box.

after that finally first then

- 1. First Cut up 1 pineapple, 1 cup of strawberries, 2 oranges and 1 cup of apples
- 2. Then Put the fruit in a large bowl
- 3. After that Add 1/2 cup of sugar and 1/4 cup of lemon juice
- 4. Finally Mix well and put the bowl in the refrigerator for three hours



II READING

Food Is Not Just for Food

Do you like bananas on cereal, roasted garlic, or cucumbers in salad? Believe it or not, each of these foods is also a medicine. Thousands of vears ago people started using foods to cure everyday health problems. Today, people still use many of these foods as medicines. Each culture has its own favorite food remedies. Here is a short list of illnesses and some of the foods people use to cure them.





Headaches

- · Peel several very ripe bananas. Wrap the peels in two different pieces of cloth. Place one over the back of your neck and the other on your forehead.
- Peel a large lemon. Rub the skin of the lemons on your forehead. Then put the pieces in a cloth and place it on your forehead. The pain will stop.

Tired, Red Eyes

- · Peel and slice up a very ripe apple. Let the fruit get brown. Place the pieces on your closed eyes. Leave them on for at least half an hour.
- Place thin slices of cucumber over your closed eyes and lie quietly for a few minutes.

A Cold

- Put two cloves of crushed garlic in a bowl of boiling water. Add one tablespoon of vinegar. Cover your head and the bowl with a towel. Breathe in the warm vapors.
- Soak a piece of brown paper in vinegar. Shake pepper on one side. Place the peppered side of the paper on your chest. Leave it there all night, if possible.

Have you ever heard of any of these remedies? Most people in the medical profession say that there is little research to prove any positive results from these old food remedies.

Complete the sentences. Use the information in the reading.

1.	People eat food. Some people use food as
2.	To take away a <u>headache</u> , you can use ripe bananas.
3.	Some people use ripe to make their eyes feel better.
4.	Cucumber slices can help your
5.	Some people say garlic and will make a cold go away.



منصة إنجما NGMA!

What Do I Need to Buy?

K What is your favorite meal? Make a shopping list for it. Complete the chart below with all the different food items for the meal. Then think about the supermarket you'll go to. Where are the different food items in that supermarket? Use a number to show the order in which you will buy the food at your supermarket.

Favorite Meal: <u>chicken burger with orange juice</u>

Food Group	Food Items	Shopping Trip Order
Meat / Seafood	chicken	1
Breads and Grains	bread	4
Vegetables	lettuce, tomatoes	2
Fruits	orange	2
Dairy Products	cheese	3
Other		







WRITING

Now write a paragraph about your shopping trip at your supermarket. Use the information from your shopping list above. Use sequence words like first, then, after that, and finally.

My Shopping Trip

I will go to the supermarket to buy food for my favorite meal which is chicken burger with orange juice. First, I going to buy the chicken. Then I will go to the fruit and vegetable department to buy lettuce, tomatoes and some oranges. After that, I will go to dairy department to buy cheese. Finally I will buy burger bread



A Write questions and answers. Use *always, usually, sometimes, seldom*, or *never* in your answers. How often / you / eat / sandwiches / for lunch Q: How often do you eat sandwiches for lunch? A: I usually eat sandwiches for lunch. 1. How often / you / walk / school Q: How often do you walk to school? A: I usually walk to school 2. How often / you / watch / TV Q: How often do you watch TV? A: Inever watch TV 3. How often / you / clean / your room Q: How often do you clean your room? A: I sometimes clean my room **4.** How often / you / go / to the mall Q: How often do you go to the mall? A: <u>Iseldom go to the mall</u> **5.** How often / you / do / your homework Q: How often do you do your homework? A: I always do my homework B Write the question for each answer. Use the simple past tense. Q: Where did your uncle live? A: My uncle lived in New York. 1. Q: What did Amal do yesterday evening? A: Amal watched TV yesterday evening. 2. Q: What did Hussain wear to the job interview? **A:** Hussain wore a suit and tie to the job interview. 3. Q: Where did they sleep? **A:** They slept on the airplane. 4. Q: Where did your brother went to collage? **A:** My brother went to college in Jeddah.

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منصة إنجما NGMA!

EXPANSION Units 1–4

5. Q: Where did Ali and his family stay when they went to the beach?

A: Ali and his family stayed in a hotel last year when they went to the beach.

С	Со	mplete each sentence. Use the simple past tense.
	1.	They're not going to play basketball tonight, but theyplayed basketball last night.
	2.	I am not meeting my friend for lunch today. I my friend for lunch yesterday.
	3.	She doesn't usually get sick, but she sick last week. She had a cold.
	4.	He doesn't usually study on weekends, but he <u>studied</u> this past weekend.
	5.	We don't usually grow tomatoes in my garden, but we some this past summer.
	6.	He usually goes skiing on vacation, but he surfing last month on vacation.
	7.	I don't usually make mistakes on my math homework, but I three mistakes on my homework yesterday.
	8.	I don't usually have to do the dishes, but I to do them last night.
	9.	My friend and I didn't go shopping yesterday, but we every day last week.
•	10.	My father didn't drive me to school this morning, but he me to school yesterday.
1	Q:	alil played basketball. What did Khalil use to play? Khalil used to play basketball.
		Ibrahim ate a lot of fast food. Q: What did Ibrahim use to eat? A: He used to eat a lot of fast food.
	2.	They studied English. Q: What did they use to study? A: They used to study English
	3.	Saeed drove his father's car. Q: What did Saeed use to drive? A: Saeed used to drive his father's car
	4.	My brother and I drank milk every morning before school. Q: What did your brother and you use to drink every morning
000		A: My brother and I used to drink coffee every morning before

my

انجما NGMA!

Write sentences about you, your family, or your friends.

be born

I was born in Jizan on January 23, 2010.

- 1. be married
 - My brother was married 2009.
- 2. be raised
 - My brother was raised in Riyadh
- - I was called Aziz when I was young
- 4. be educated
 - My sister was educated in Jeddah
- **F** Look at the picture. Write about Robert's plans for the day with his friend. Use the present progressive.



- Robert is going to the bus station today.
 - 1. The bus is arriving at 10 A.M.
 - 2. Robert is meeting his friend at the bus station today.
 - 3. Robert and his friend are going to the museum after that
 - 4. Robert and his friend are eating at restaurant later.
 - 5. Robert is going to the bus station at 4 P.M.



منصة إنجما NGMA!

EXPANSION Units 1–4 193

G Complete the sentences. Use	be going	ı to or	will
-------------------------------	----------	---------	------

- 1. I'm not sure. I willi probably (fly) to Dubai tomorrow.
- 2. My plans are definite. I _____ am going to go ____ (go) to the mall with my friend tonight.
- 3. She isn't sure. She <u>willi</u> probably <u>leave</u> (leave) in the afternoon.
- **4.** He didn't make definite plans. He <u>willi</u> probably <u>see</u> (see) his uncle next week.
- **5.** They didn't tell me their final plans. They <u>willi</u> probably <u>arrive</u> (arrive) tomorrow morning.
- **6.** I checked the schedule. The train <u>is going to leave</u> (leave) at 7:30 tomorrow morning.
- H Look at the photo of Jeff. Write sentences about what he is going to do. Write sentences about what he will probably do.
 - **1.** What is Jeff going to do?

He is going to answer the call.

2. What will Jeff probably do?

He will probably travel by plane.

He will probably call a Taxi







1	Complete the sentences.	Use expressions	of quantity.	Sometimes	more than	one answer	is possible.
---	-------------------------	-----------------	--------------	-----------	-----------	------------	--------------

- 1. I'm on a diet, so I only eat _____ ice cream.
- 2. I don't use _____ salt. I really don't like it.
- **3.** Did you get _____ pineapple? If you want more, I have another one in the refrigerator.
- 4. I only eat _____ eggs each week. I don't think they are really good for my heart.
- **5. How many** papayas did you buy at the market?
- **6.** Wow! That's hot! Did you put _____ pepper in the soup?
- 7. How much butter are you going to put on your potato?
- **8.** I don't like this restaurant's menu. There aren't _____ appetizers on it.
- Complete the conversation. Use **something**, **anything**, and **nothing**.

Hanan: I'm going to the supermarket. Can I get you (1) ______ ?

Maha: No, thank you. I don't want (2) _____anything____. I went shopping yesterday.

Hanan: I went to the supermarket yesterday, too! But I have (3) _____**nothing**_____ for dinner

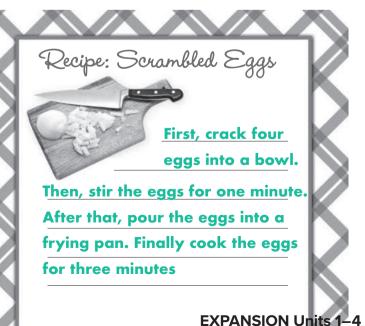
this evening.

Maha: Oh, no! I don't have (4) _____ for dinner either! Can you pick

(5) **something** up for me?

Write a recipe. Put the expressions from the list in the correct order and use sequence words in your sentences.

- stir the eggs for one minute
- pour the eggs into a frying pan
- crack four eggs into a bowl
- cook the eggs for three minutes





What do you and your family conserve at home? How do you conserve at home? Complete the chart below.

Conservation at Home

What we conserve	How we conserve	How we will probably conserve
Electricity	turn off lights	watch less TV
Electricity	drying your clothes in the sun	Use Less Hot Water
Water	Take shorter showers	not wash the family car
Water	Check for leaks	Fix your leaks
Other		
food	buy food you need	Skip fast food

M WRITING

Write a paragraph to tell how you conserve at home and what you will probably do to conserve in the future.

Conservation at Home

Our family always conserve resources at home. Becoming energy efficient at home can save money and also helps save the environment. We conserve electricity by different ways like turn off lights when we go out, watch less TV, drying our clothes in the sun and use less hot water. My parents also taught us different ways to conserve water like take shorter showers, don't watch my father's car everyday, check for leaks and fix them. We also conserve food by cut food waste. Conserve natural resources at

196 EXPANSION Units 1-4

5 Since When?

A Complete the sentences about the photos. Use the words in the box.

brick	printer	clumsy	conventional	device
household	microwave oven	image	huge	light

My aunt was at my house yesterday. She and my mom made cookies. I noticed that my mom never uses the (1) __microwave oven_ to make the cookies. My mom says that some things bake better the old-fashioned way, in a





(2) _______ conventional _____ oven. That's why a lot of (3) _____ household _____ kitchens today have both types of oven.





My new laptop computer is really amazing. It is so small and fast. I love it. I really only needed one other (7) ______ to go with it. I needed a (8) _____ Printer _____. But I didn't have to buy it.

The store gave me one when I bought the laptop. What a deal!

My parents just bought a new TV. It's a big screen TV, and that means that the screen is (9) ________ ! It's awesome! The (10) ______ image _______ on the screen is crystal clear and the sound is amazing.





(

5 Since When?

В	C l - t - tl		
		conversations. Use the simple past.	
	1. Mona:	When did you arrive at school this morning?	
	Sabah:	I arrived at school at 8 o'clock.	
	2. Ahmed:	Where did Yahya eat lunch yesterday?	
	Faris:	He lunch at the mall.	
	3. Sultan:	What timedid Imad you last night?	
	Fahd:	Imad called me at 10:30 p.m.	
	4. Amina:	When did Noura and you finish your homework yesterday?	
	Fadwa:	We <u>finished</u> our homework just before dinner.	
	5. Asma:	Who passed the history test last week?	
	Nawal:	No onepassed that test!	
	6. Jabir:	When you at the park?	
	Ismail:	I was at the park yesterday during the football game.	
С	Write complet	te sentences. Use the present perfect.	
_	write complet	te sentences. Ose the present periect.	
P	I / see / the G	ireat Wall	
	I've seen the	Great Wall.	27
	1 mulbratha	or / play tappia / in the pay park	
		er / play tennis / in the new park other has played tennis in the new park	
	100 100 XX 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1		
		y / to learn French has tried to learn French	
	Serifi I I In		- 0
	3. we/go ca We ha	amping / in the mountains IVE gone camping in the mountains	
	VVCTIO	tve gone camping in the mountains	-1
	1	ts / eat / at the Indian restaurant by the bookstore	ketoro
	wy pare	nts have eaten at the Indian restaurant by the boo	KSIUIE
-			
D	Write question	ns for the statements in C .	
	1. Has vo	our brother played tennis in the new park?	
		aeed tried to learn French?	
		ou gone camping in the mountains?	_
	4.	your parents eaten at the Indian restaurant by the	
	books'	tore:	
196 Unit	5		
The state of the s			

انجما NGMA!

Since When?

Complete the paragraph with the verbs in parentheses. Use the present perfect or the simple past tense.

My uncle <u>has made</u> (1. make) a lot of inventions. Some of his inventions

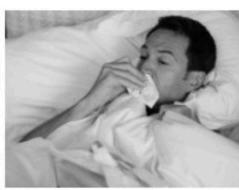
have worked (2. work), and others <u>have not been</u> (3. not be) very successful.

When I <u>was</u> (4. be) 12 years old, I <u>walked</u> (5. walk) to school every day. That year, my uncle <u>gave</u> (6. give) me one of his new inventions—a hat with an umbrella. He <u>called</u> (7. call) it his hat umbrella. <u>was</u>

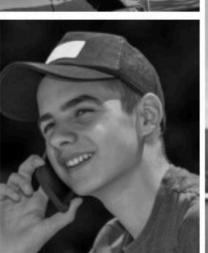
(8. be) it one of his successful inventions? Let's just say that we <u>haven't talked</u> (9. not talk) about it in years! Well, that's not completely true. Last year, my uncle <u>Wore</u>

(10. wear) one of his hat umbrellas to my graduation. It <u>was</u> (11. be) really funny! And after dinner, he <u>gave</u> (12. give) it to me. I think I'm the only person in the world who <u>has received</u> (13. receive) two hat umbrellas as gifts!

- Complete each sentence with *for* or *since*.
 - Robert got sick two days ago. He has been sick
 for two days.
 - 2. Daniel got his new car three weeks ago. He has had his new car ____for____ three weeks.
 - 3. Carlos started to play tennis in 2017. He has played tennis _____ since____ 2017.
 - 4. My brother last spoke to his friend two hours ago.
 He hasn't spoken to him _____ two hours.
 - 5. My uncle moved to New York City in 2019.
 He has lived in New York City _____ 2019.











Unit 5

12/4/25 4:34 PM

G Write a question and two answers for each photo. Use *How long*, *for*, and *since*.

P

chicken / be / in the microwave / three o'clock // 15 minutes

Q: How long has the chicken been in the microwave?

A: The chicken has been in the microwave since three o'clock.

A: The chicken has been in the microwave for 15 minutes.



1. Tom and Kenneth / use / laptops / four years old // almost their entire lives

• How long have Tom and Kenneth used laptops?

A: Tom and Kenneth have used laptops since they were four years old

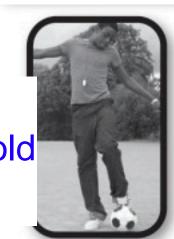
A. Tom and Kenneth have used laptops for almost their entire lives

2. Chris / play football / eight years old // seven years

• How long has Chris played football?

A: Chris has played football since he was eight years old

A: Chris has played football for seven years



3. Alex and Sam / play video games / this afternoon // forty minutes

How long have Alex and Sam played video games?

A: Alex and Sam have played video games since this afternoon

Alex and Sam have played video games for forty minutes



4. Omar / go / to this dentist / 2018 // many years

•: How long has Omar gone to this dentist?

A: Omar has gone to this dentist since 2018

.: Omar has gone to this dentist for many years



5. Grandma / have / her tea set / get married // over forty years

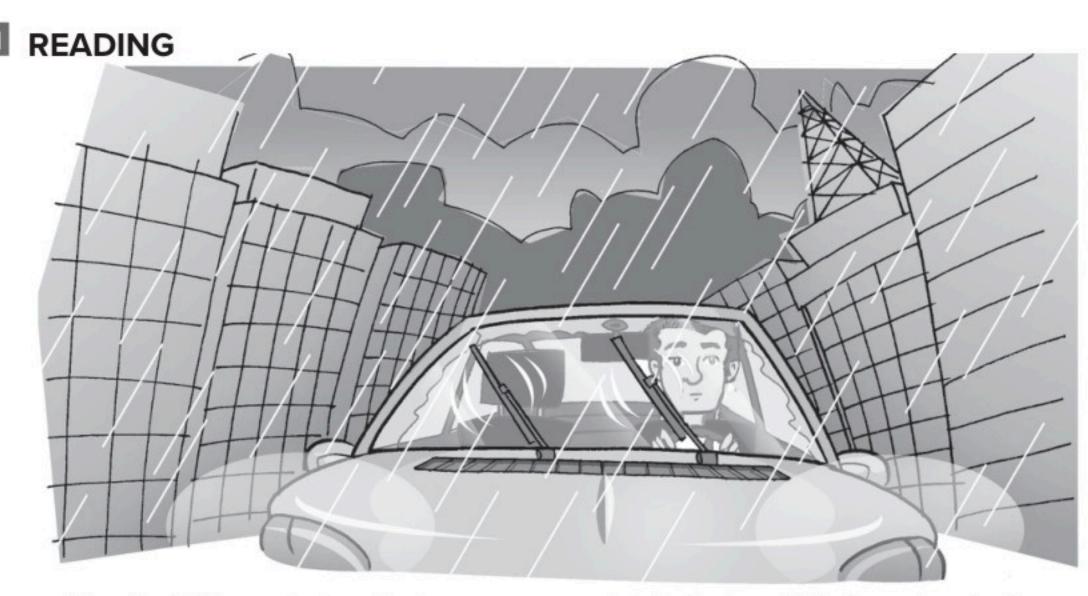
• How long has Grandma had her tea set?

A: Grandma has had her tea set since she got married

Grandma has had her tea set for over forty years







Since the 1700s, people have tried many different ways of traveling over land. They wanted to move more quickly and more comfortably than they could on horseback. Inventors have produced several different kinds of car engines since 1760. First, they tried steam engines. But they were noisy, and the driver had to stop frequently to get more water. Then they tried gasoline engines. The inventor of the modern gasoline-powered automobiles was a German named Karl Benz. He made his first car in 1886. His company later became Mercedes Benz, and it is still making cars today.

Automobile companies have added many improvements to cars over the years. Have you been in a car in rainy or snowy weather? Was it difficult to see the other cars on the road? A hundred years ago, it was almost impossible to drive in bad weather. People had to get out of their cars and wipe the windshields of their cars every few minutes. However, today, we have

windshield wipers. M. Anderson invented the windshield wiper in 1903, and by 1913 almost all American cars had them. And today you can't buy a car without them.

Another invention that has become very popular is the bucket seat. Steve McQueen, a famous American actor, invented this type of seat. McQueen worked on cars and was a race car driver. He needed a seat that was comfortable when his car was going very fast. Have you ever sat in a bucket seat? It's lower than a regular seat, and most people say it's more comfortable. Manufacturers have put bucket seats in cars for over forty years now.

Auto manufacturers have improved cars.
They've added things that make driving easier and more comfortable for drivers. Windshield wipers and bucket seats were only the beginning. Now many cars have GPS devices and even computers to help drivers park. Cars have come a long way in one hundred years!

Write T for True and F for False.

- **1.** _____ There have been cars with engines since 1760.
- 2. ____ The first cars had gasoline engines.
- 3. ____ Most American cars had windshield wipers in 1903.
- 4. ____ An actor invented the bucket seat.
- 5. ____ American cars have had bucket seats since 1913.



(b)

منصة إنجما NGMA!

12/4/25 4:34 PM

5 Since When?

Complete the chart. List inventions that have been important to you. Tell why each one has been important.



What inventions have changed my life?	How have they changed my life?
cell phone	always able to talk to friends
credit card	can shop without cash
plane	can travel quickly around the world
laptop	can use the Internet
digital camera	can take photos on vacation



Now write about the inventions you listed in the chart above. Write how each one has made your life better or worse, easier or harder.

These Inventions Have Changed My Life

The following inventions have changed my life: the cell phone, the credit card, the digital camera, and the plane. I can always talk to my friends on my cell phone. My life has been easier because of my cell phone. I can shop anytime without having to carry cash with me. I can also buy things online like airline tickets. I can travel around the world in a plane, and it's a fast and easy way to travel. My life is definitely better because of the plane, particularly when I take a vacation. And finally, I can take lots of vacation photos with my digital camera and send them to my friends!

- A Look at the photos. Circle the one that matches the description best.
 - 1. cleaner air





2. lower cost of living





3. larger green space





4. better public transportation system





Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

public transportation system green spaces punctual cozy housing quality of life

crime rate efficient cost of living

1. We live in a small town, and my grandparents live in a very big city. It takes less money for my family to live in our small town house than it takes for my grandparents to live in their big city apartment.
Our _____ cost of living _____ is lower than my grandparents'.

public transportation system
Serlin's _____ is awesome. We visited the city last year. And they have an amazing subway. It's always on time and doesn't cost a lot. It's very __punctual and __efficient _____.

3. An apartment and a small house are two examples of _____housing _____ that is available in the city. Both the houses and apartments aren't very big. They're really small and ____COZY ____.

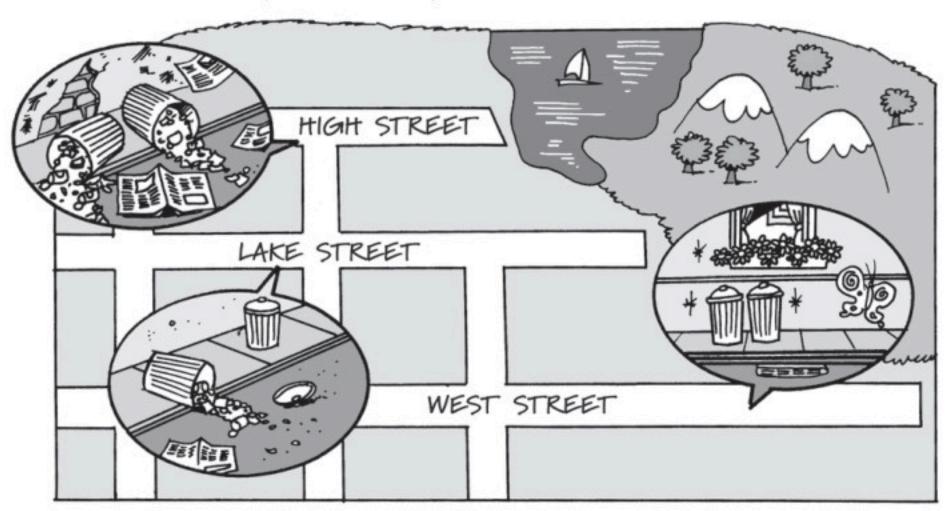
4. I love Denver, Colorado. It's an awesome city to live in. There are a lot of trees and parks. With all the __green spaces ____ here in the city, it's really easy to go walking or cycling whenever I want. That's important to me, my family, and my friends. We think the __quality of life ____ in Denver is the best of any city in the world.

5. Todd lives in the suburbs and not in the big city. He likes his neighborhood. It's safe and quiet, and people know their neighbors. In fact, there hasn't been a robbery in his neighborhood for two years. The <u>crime rate</u> is definitely lower in his neighborhood than in the city.



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Fill in the correct comparatives and superlatives.



- 1. Lake Street is ______ (long) than High Street.
- 2. High Street is the <u>shortest</u> (short) street.
- 3. Lake Street is ______ (short) than West Street.
- 4. West Street is the Ongest (long).
- 5. Lake Street is _____ (clean) than High Street.
- 6. High Street is the dirtiest (dirty) street.
- 7. Lake Street is ______ (dirty) than West Street.
- 8. West Street is the _____ (clean).
- Complete the sentences. Use comparatives or superlatives. Use the adjective **expensive**.

ROGERS REALTY

Fine Apartments - Low Prices!

- Come live at the City Center. One-bedroom apartments are \$500 a month.
- One-bedroom apartments at the Plaza House are \$700 a month.
- The Amazon has very special one-bedroom apartments with large balconies.
 Only \$1,000 a month!
- The City Center has the least expensive apartments
 - 1. The Amazon is ______ than the Plaza House.
 - 2. The City Center is ___ess_expensive_____ than the Plaza House.
 - 3. The Amazon is _____the most expensive



منصة إنجما NGMA!

Billy lives in the mountains. Dave lives at the beach. Complete the conversation. Use comparative and superlative adjectives.

Billy: I like the mountains. The weather is always _____COOLET

(1. cool) in the mountains than at the beach.

Dave: That's right. But I like the sun, and the beach is

__sunnier____ (2. sunny) than the mountains.

Billy: That's true. But it's ___Quieter____(3. quiet) in the

mountains. I can hike through the woods and hear the sound

of birds. I like that.

Dave: Well, the beach is ______(4. noisy)

than the mountains, but there is always

someone to talk to.

Billy: I think that people in the mountains are the

<u>friendliest</u> (**5.** friendly) people I've

ever met. I know all my neighbors.

Dave: I am always meeting new people at the

beach. They're usually on vacation and are

from all over the world. In fact, they're the most interesting (6. interesting) people

I know.

Billy: I'm happy you like the beach. But I'll stay in

the mountains. It's the _____Dest

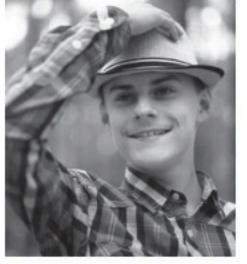
(7. good) place in the whole world!

Dave: And I'm happy you like the mountains. But I

still think the beach is ____better

(8. good) than the mountains!









- Where do you want to live, in the mountains or at the beach? Write three sentences about why you prefer to live there. Use comparatives or superlatives.
 - ¹ I prefer to live in the mountains because the weatheris cooler
 - 2. I prefer to live in the mountains because the airis cleaner
 - I prefer to live in the mountains because the people are friendlier



انجما NGMA!



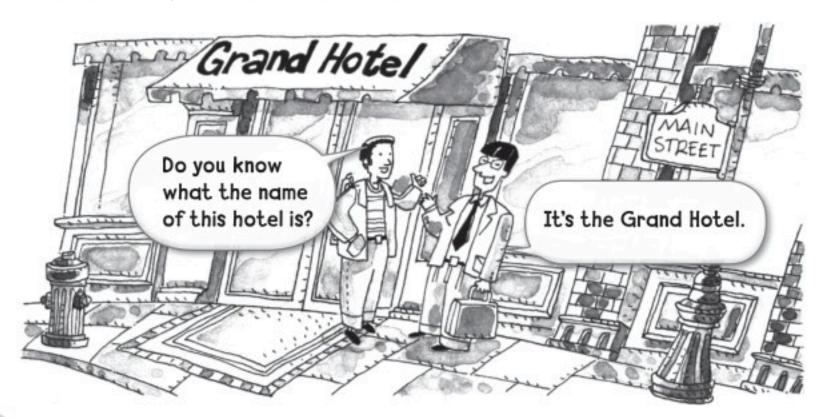
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Complete the sentences. Use comparisons with as...as.

The office building is ten stories tall. The school building is ten stories tall, too.

The school building is <u>as tall as</u> the office building.

- 1. The bus ticket is inexpensive. It costs № 1.00. The subway ticket costs № 1.00, too. The bus ticket is just as inexpensive as ___ the subway ticket.
- 2. The pizza at Joe's is good, and the pizza at Mama Mia's is good, too. Joe's pizza is as good as _____ Mama Mia's pizza.
- 3. Apartments cost ± 3000 a month. Houses cost ± 6000 a month. as expensive as Apartments aren't _____
- 4. Houston is warm in the winter. Chicago is not warm at all in the winter. as warm as Chicago in the winter isn't _ Houston in the winter.
- Write indirect questions for the answers.



Ali wants to know the name of this hotel.

Q: know / what Do you know what the name of this hotel is?

A: It's the Grand Hotel.

- 1. Amira wants you to tell her the time the bank closes.

 could / when Could you tell me when the bank closes?
 - A: The bank closes at 4 o'clock.
- 2. Hameed wants to know the location of the gym.
 - Q: know/where Do you know where the gym is?
 - A: Yes. It's on Main Street.
- 3. Fahd wants to know the cost of a train ticket.
 - Q: could / how much Could you tell me how much a train ticket costs?
 - A: It costs # 20.
- 4. Farah needs to know when the supermarket opens.
 - Q: know/when Do you know when the supermarket opens?
 - A: Yes. It opens at 8:00 in the morning.



منصة إنجما NGMA!

READING

Small Town America

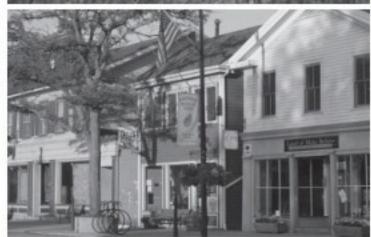
Do you know what the expression "small town America" means? Sometimes people use it to describe living in a small town in the U.S.A. There's a big difference between the quality of life in a large city and in a small town. That's true in any country.

Some people prefer to live in the city because there are a lot of people to meet, a lot of places to eat, and a lot of things to do. The pace of life is faster in a big city than it is in a small town. So for some people, the expression "small town" or "small town America" is another way to say that something is slow or even boring.









Officially a town has to have less than 10,000 residents to be considered a small town. In other words, a small town is even smaller than a small city. Many young people who grow up in small towns leave for life in the big city. But there are those who regret their move to the big city and want to move back to their small town life. Why? Many miss the

community—the friendly neighbors, the close friends, and the looking out for the other person that are often characteristic of a vibrant small town.

The top ten best small towns in the U.S.A. are voted on annually. These are the towns that people miss when they move away. These are the towns that have citizens who are excited about living in their small town. Recently, Hammondsport, New York was voted the best small town in America.

Young people in small town America often do very different things for fun than their big city counterparts. Some of the exciting things young people in small town America do include riding ATVs (all terrain vehicles), riding horses, and even riding snowmobiles when it snows!

Answer the questions.

- 1. What are three reasons some people like to live in a big city? Some people like to live in a big city because there are a lot of people to meet, a lot of places to eat, and a lot of things to do
- 2. How many people have to live in a town for the town to be considered a small town? Less than 10,000 people have to live in a town for it to be considered a small town
- 3. Why do some people regret moving to the big city from a small town?

Some people regret moving to a big city because they miss the community of a small town

- 4. What is the name of the town that was recently voted as the best small town in America? Hammond sport, New York, was recently voted the best small town in America
- 5? What are three things that young people like to do in small towns?

Three things that young people like to do in smalltowns include riding ATVs, riding horses, and riding snowmobiles

Unit 6

205



2025 - 1447

Think about where you live and where a friend or relative lives that is somewhere different (maybe even another country). Complete the chart with adjectives that describe the town or place where you live and where your friend or relative lives.

Whe	ere I Live
quiet sunny friendly	warm small inexpensive
Where My	Lives
ousy	cold expensive
oisy cloudy	big

K WRITING

Now write a paragraph about where you live and where your friend or relative lives. Compare the two places. Use the information from the chart above.

Here and There

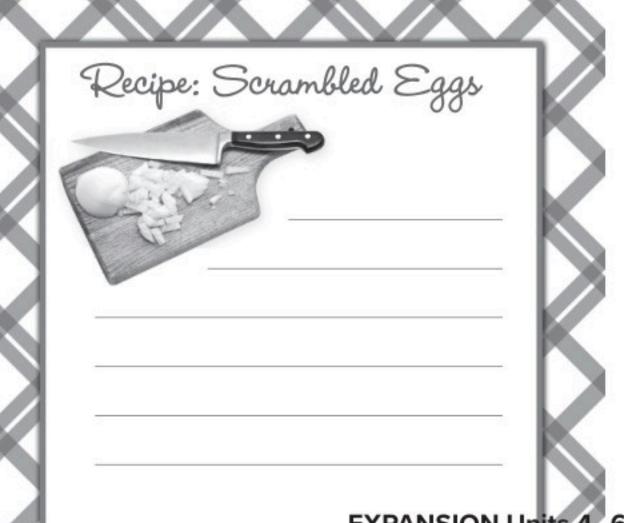
Here and There

I live in a quiet village. The weather is warm and sunny most of the year. The village is small, and the people are friendly. I know all of my neighbors, and most of my relatives live in the village. My friend, Jamal, lives in a large city. He loves it. But the city is bigger, busier and noisier than my village. It's also more expensive to live in Jamal's apartment in the city. And the worst part is that the weather is always cloudier and colder than in my village by the sea.



A	Complete	e the sentences. Use expressions of quantity. Sometimes more than one answer is po	ossible.
	1. I'm on	a diet, so I only eat ice cream.	
	2. I don't	t use salt. I really don't like it.	
	3. Did yo refrige	ou get pineapple? If you want more, I have another one in erator.	the
	4. I only 6	eat eggs each week. I don't think they are really good for	my heart.
	5	papayas did you buy at the market?	
	6. Wow!	That's hot! Did you put pepper in the soup?	
	7	butter are you going to put on your potato?	
	8. I don't	t like this restaurant's menu. There aren't appetizers on it.	
В	Complete	e the conversation. Use something, anything, and nothing .	
	Hanan:	I'm going to the supermarket. Can I get you (1)?	
	Maha:	No, thank you. I don't want (2) I went shopping yeste	rday.
	Hanan:	I went to the supermarket yesterday, too! But I have (3)this evening.	_ for dinner
	Maha:	Oh, no! I don't have (4) for dinner either! Can you pick (5) up for me?	<

- Write a recipe. Put the expressions from the list in the correct order and use sequence words in your sentences.
 - · stir the eggs for one minute
 - · pour the eggs into a frying pan
 - · crack four eggs into a bowl
 - · cook the eggs for three minutes





EXPANSION Units 4–6

0	Use each group of words to write two sentences. Use the present perfect for one sentence and the simple past for the other sentence.
1	Badria / visit / the museum // last year Badria has visited the museum.
	Badria visited the museum last year.
	1. Tariq and Saeed / eat / at the Indian restaurant // last Thursday night
	2. we / go sightseeing / in Egypt // during our vacation in 2009
	3. Ali / not take / chemistry with Mr. Faris // this past year
E	Write two sentences for each situation. Use the present perfect plus since and for .
1	Sultan started to exercise on September 5. Today is December 5. He has exercised since September.
	He has exercised for three months.
	1. Faisal drove his new car on Monday for the first time. Today is Friday.
	2. Noura and Amal studied French in seventh grade for the first time. They're now in tenth grade
	3. My parents bought our house when I was three years old. I'm sixteen years old now.
F	Write questions. Use <i>How long</i> .
T	you / play / video games How long have you played video games?
	1. they / live / in Jeddah
	2. she / be / on the phone
	3. Qassim / work / at the hotel
	4. Khalid / speak / Japanese
الأعادة الأراد	ANSION Units 4–6

SG_03_COMBO_TEXT_2025.indb 208 (a)

الجما NGMA!

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•	The purple tie is \$22.00. The green tie is \$20.00. The red tie is \$18.00. The red tie is the (expensive). The green tie is (expensive)
	than the purple one. The purple tie is the (expensive).
2.	The Italian restaurant usually has a line of people waiting outside to eat. It's very popular. To is sometimes an empty table or two at the Indian restaurant, but it's usually crowded. There aren't usually many people in the French restaurant. It's never crowded, and the food isn't The Italian restaurant is the (popular). The French restaurant is a
	the (crowded). The Indian restaurant is (good) than the French restaurant.
3.	Ali's backpack weighs 4 kilograms. My backpack weighs 5 kilograms. It's really heavy! Fad backpack weighs 3 kilograms. My backpack is the (heavy) of all Ali's backpack is (heavy) than Fadi's backpack. Fadi's backpack
	(light) than my backpack.
11/1	rito sontonoos. Mako comparisons with as as
۱W	rite sentences. Make comparisons with asas .
	rite sentences. Make comparisons with <i>asas</i> .
cel	I phone / chocolate bar / light
cel 1.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar.
cel 1. 2.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar. train / plane / not fast
cel 1. 2.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar: train / plane / not fast ice cream / cake / good
cel 1. 2. 3.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar. train / plane / not fast ice cream / cake / good water skiing / surfing / exciting
cel 1. 2. 4.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar. train / plane / not fast ice cream / cake / good water skiing / surfing / exciting Biology / English / not interesting
cel 1. 2. 4. Ma 1.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar. train / plane / not fast ice cream / cake / good water skiing / surfing / exciting Biology / English / not interesting ake indirect questions. Use Do you know? or Could you tell me?
cel 1. 2. 4. 1.	I phone / chocolate bar / light A cell phone is as light as a chocolate bar. train / plane / not fast ice cream / cake / good water skiing / surfing / exciting Biology / English / not interesting ake indirect questions. Use Do you know? or Could you tell me? How much does a subway ticket cost?

وزارة التعليم

Ministry of Education

2025 - 1447

Look at each photo. Write a short conversation. Use indirect questions and comparative and superlative forms of adjectives (popular, fresh, good).





How were your last two vacations? Complete the chart.

	Location	Weather	Activities
Vacation 1			
Vacation 2			

WRITING

2025 - 1447

SG_03_COMBO_TEXT_2025.indb 210

Now write a paragraph and compare your last two vacations. Use the information from your chart.

	My Last Two Vacations	
N Units 4–6		

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